Heart Basics comparative cardiac physiology

Valves

- · tright atrium & right ventricle
- · pulmonary valve
- vight ventricle & pulmonary artery
- · mitral value
- 1eft atnum & jeft ventricle
- · aortic valve
- located between the left ventricle and the aorta

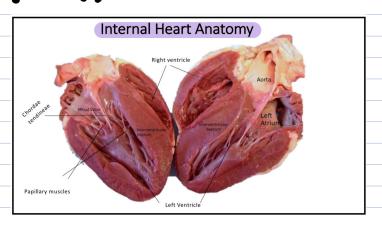




What might the ECG of an athrete look like?

- · QRS waves farther apart
- · amplitude higher
- · t-wave more flattened or inverted

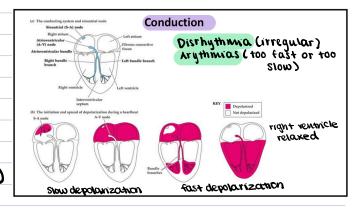
The Heart's Pumping Action
conduction - the process by which
depolarization spreads through
the vertebrate heart of any
other myogenic heart
conducting system - specialized
muscle cell; sinoatrial node (SA rode)
sinoatrial node (SA node) - pacemaker
of the heart; wall of night atrium;



Contration & Relaxation of Cardiac Cycle

systole phase of the heart beat when the heart muscle contracts and pumps blood from the chan bers into the arteries diastole occurs when the heart relaxes after contraction — during diastole, the coronary

arteries recieve brood



Conducting node and Fibers

S-A Node

A-V Node

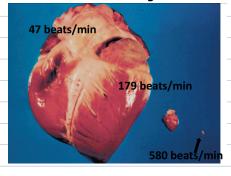
bundle of His

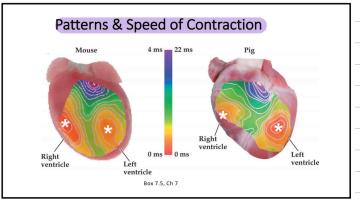
(atrioventricu bundle)
Pur Kinjee Fibers

depolarization beaxing



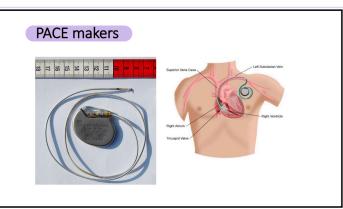
what is the relation thip between the rate of contraction and body fize?

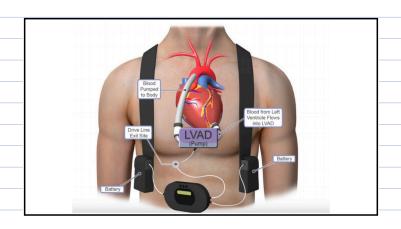


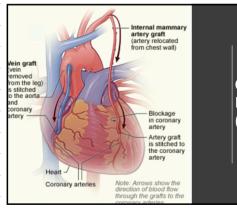


- Arrhythmias · irrequiax heartbeats
 - · Uncoordinated action

 - · tachycardia · bradycardia







Coronary Artery Bypass Graph (CABG)

Role of Central Nervous System

·midbrain, medulla oblongota Crespiration, cardiac regulation)

· autonomic nervous system regulates internal organs

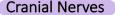
-para sympathetic

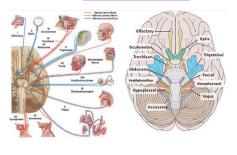
"rest and digest"

- sympatnetic "
"flee and breed"

flight, fight, fear, and reproduction







SA Node

nerve = decrease in heart

STON

stimulation of SNS =

increase in heart rate

vagus nevre - acetylcholine

